# Property Taxes on Owner-Occupied Housing, by State\* 2006

	Median Property Taxes Paid		Median Home	Taxes as % of Home	A	Median Income for Home	Taxes as % of	Addison to the second s
State	on Homes	Rank	Value	Value	Rank	Owners	Income	Rank
Alabama	\$328	50	\$107,000	0.31%	49	\$47,977	0.68%	50
Alaska	\$2,216	13	\$213,200	1.04%	18	\$72,902	3.04%	20
Arizona	\$1,216	33	\$236,500	0.51%	41	\$57,567	2.11%	32
Arkansas	\$469	47	\$93,900	0.50%	42	\$45,166	1.04%	47
California	\$2,510	10	\$535,700	0.47%	46	\$75,472	3.33%	17
Colorado	\$1,347	31	\$232,900	0.58%	37	\$66,691	2.02%	34
Connecticut	\$4,049	3	\$298,900	1.35%	10	\$79,678	5.08%	4
Delaware	\$863	40	\$227,100	0.38%	47	\$61,432	1.40%	44
Florida	\$1,703	22	\$230,600	0.74%	29	\$53,843	3.16%	18
Georgia	\$1,151	36	\$156,800	0.73%	30	\$59,858	1.92%	37
Hawaii	\$1,209	34	\$529,700	0.23%	50	\$77,032	1.57%	40
ldaho	\$1,270	32	\$163,900	0.77%	27	\$51,917	2.45%	28
Illinois	\$3,061	7	\$200,200	1.53%	7	\$64,598	4.74%	5
Indiana	\$1,125	37	\$120,700	0.93%	20	\$55,634	2.02%	33
lowa	\$1,416	28	\$112,600	1.26%	14	\$53,570	2.64%	26
Kansas	\$1,402	29	\$114,400	1.23%	15	\$56,199	2.49%	27
Kentucky	\$749	43	\$111,000	0.67%	34	\$48,372	1.55%	41
Louisiana	\$179	51	\$114,700	0.16%	51	\$49,446	0.36%	51
Maine	\$1,768	20	\$170,500	1.04%	19	\$52,105	3.39%	16
Maryland	\$2,334	12	\$334,700	0.70%	33	\$80,607	2.90%	21
Massachusetts	\$3,195	5	\$370,400	0.86%	23	\$77,591	4.12%	9
Michigan	\$1,972	18	\$153,300	1.29%	12	\$56,681	3.48%	14
Minnesota	\$1,780	19	\$208,200	0.85%	24	\$64,481	2.76%	23
Mississippi	\$437	48	\$88,600	0.49%	43	\$42,646	1.02%	48
Missouri	\$1,121	38	\$131,900	0.85%	25	\$52,938	2.12%	31
Montana	\$1,371	30	\$155,500	0.88%	21	\$49,699	2.76%	24
Nebraska	\$2,030	16	\$119,200	1.70%	3	\$56,787	3.57%	12
Nevada	\$1,528	25	\$315,200	0.48%	44	\$66,112	2.31%	29
New Hampshire	\$4,136	2	\$253,200	1.63%	4	\$71,779	5.76%	2
New Jersey	\$5,773	1	\$366,600	1.57%	5	\$82,116	7.03%	1
New Mexico	\$747	44	\$141,200	0.53%	40	\$49,948	1.50%	42
New York	\$3,301	4	\$303,400	1.09%	16	\$70,092	4.71%	7
North Carolina	\$1,038	39	\$137,200	0.76%	28	\$52,861	1.96%	35
North Dakota	\$1,436	27	\$99,700	1.44%	8	\$53,546	2.68%	25
Ohio	\$1,710	21	\$135,200	1.26%	13	\$56,233	3.04%	19
Oklahoma	\$677	46	\$94,500	0.72%	31	\$48,234	1.40%	45
Oregon	\$1,996	17	\$236,600	0.84%	26	\$58,757	3.40%	15
Pennsylvania	\$2,057	15	\$145,200	1.42%	9	\$56,301	3.65%	11
Rhode Island	\$3,186	6	\$295,700	1.08%	17	\$69,166	4.61%	8
South Carolina	<b>\$</b> 703	45	\$122,400	0.57%	38	\$49,896	1.41%	43
South Dakota	\$1,470	<b>26</b>	\$112,600	1.31%	11	\$52,641	2.79%	22
Tennessee	\$860	<u>-</u> 41	\$123,100	0.70%	32	\$49,995	1.72%	39
Texas	\$2,122	14	\$114,000	1.86%	1	\$57,420	3.70%	10

## Local Property Tax Collections Per Capita Fiscal Year 2005

Co	He	cti	٥n	2	Per

	Collections Per	
State	Capita Rank	
U.S. Total	\$1,094	
Alabama	\$343 49	
Alaska	<b>\$1,28</b> 1 12	
Arizona	\$798 36	
Arkansas	\$222	
California	\$882 30	
Colorado	\$1,059 21	
Connecticut	\$2,044 2	10 m (m) (m)
Delaware	\$577 42	
Florida	<b>\$1,131</b> 15	ANAMATA AN
Georgia	\$892 29	
Hawaii	\$643 41	\$49E-210
Idaho	\$807 33	
Illinois	<b>\$1,460</b> 8	iškilini.
Indiana	\$1,218 13	
lowa	\$1,114 16	isiini
Kansas	\$1,102 18	
Kentucky	\$425 48	700000
Louisiana	\$529 44	
Maine	\$1,599	
Maryland	\$906 26	
Massachusetts	\$1,607 6	
Michigan	\$1,007 6 \$1,066 20	
Minnesota	\$903 27	ae d
nancement of growing present process of the process		
Mississippi	\$661 39	
Missouri	\$806 34	
Montana Nebrooks	\$869 32	
Nebraska	\$1,194 14	
Nevada	\$900 28	
New Hampshire	\$1,728 4	16 4000
New Jersey	\$2,205 1	: VAL
New Mexico	\$427 47	9.63 <del>-26</del> 66
New York	\$1,768 3	
North Carolina	\$744 37	
North Dakota	\$974 23	
Ohio	\$1,041 22	::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
Oklahoma	\$485 46	
Oregon	\$972 24	endrations
Pennsylvania	\$1,075 19	
Rhode Island	\$1,693 5	52 879c2c472
South Carolina	\$878 31	
South Dakota	\$942 25	0400750×910
Tennessee	\$654 40	
Texas	\$1,320	uniane v v
Utah	\$720 38	
Vermont	<b>\$</b> 501 <b>4</b> 5	9234392 TV455
Virginia	\$1,107 17	
Washington	\$802 35	
West Virginia	<b>\$554 43</b>	
Wisconsin	\$1,390 10	
Wyoming	<b>\$1,39</b> 5 9	
D.C.	\$1,951 -	

Source: Tax Foundation, Census Bureau

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		Median Property Taxes Paid		Median Home	Taxes as % of Home		Median Income for Home	Taxes as % of	
County	State	on Homes	Rank	Value	Value	Rank	Owners	Income	Rank
Hunterdon County	NJ	\$7,999	1	\$475,300	1.7%	105	\$101,955	7.8%	5
Nassau County	NY	\$7,706	2	\$506,800	1.5%	149	\$95,430	8.1%	3
Westchester County	NY	\$7,626	3	\$581,600	1.3%	213	\$103,847	7.3%	10
Somerset County	NJ	\$7,318	4	\$457,000	1.6%	125	\$104,152	7.0%	12
Bergen County	NJ	\$7,237	5	\$493,400	1.5%	172	\$93,441	7.7%	6
Essex County	NJ	\$7,148	6	\$409,300	1.7%	92	\$86,286	8.3%	2
Rockland County	NY	\$7,041	7	\$502,300	1.4%	186	\$93,527	7.5%	7
Morris County	NJ	\$6,852	8	\$488,900	1.4%	188	\$101,670	6.7%	15
Union County	NJ	\$6,703	9 -	\$419,000	1.6%	126	\$85,327	7.9%	4
Passaic County	NJ	\$6,663	10	\$406,300	1.6%	114	\$79,505	8.4%	1
Putnam County	NY	\$6,431	11	\$407,800	1.6%	135	\$91,203	7.1%	11
Suffolk County	NY	\$6,413	12	\$445,700	1.4%	178	\$85,606	7.5%	8
Monmouth County	NJ	\$6,206	13	\$444,800	1.4%	189	\$93,156	6.7%	16
Hudson County	NJ	\$5,887	14	\$387,100	1.5%	148	\$78,656	7.5%	9
Fairfield County	CT	\$5,581	15	\$508,100	1.1%	290	\$95,415	5.8%	34
Sussex County	NJ	\$5,539	16	\$332,400	1.7%	108	\$86,312	6.4%	18
Lake County	IL	\$5,508	17	\$281,900	2.0%	46	\$86,918	6.3%	20
Middlesex County	NJ	\$5,485	18	\$365,000	1.5%	158	\$87,468	6.3%	22
Mercer County	NJ	\$5,466	19	\$314,300	1.7%	94	\$80,980	6.7%	14
Marin County	CA	\$4,973	20	\$901,900	0.6%	628	\$101,121	4.9%	61
Warren County	NJ	\$4,944	21	\$309,100	1.6%	 127 ⊴	\$78,446	6.3%	21
Rockingham County	NH	\$4,925	22	\$323,800	1.5%	146	\$81,476	6.0%	29
Kendall County	IL	\$4,917	23	\$248,900	2.0%	44	\$77,064	6.4%	19
Camden County	NJ	\$4,846	24	\$208,600	2.3%	15	\$69,325	7.0%	13
Orange County	NY	\$4,794	25	\$319,300	1.5%	159	\$78,139	6.1%	26
Burlington County	NJ	\$4,793	26	\$259,300	1.8%	67	\$76,632	6.3%	23
McHenry County	L	\$4,766	27	\$252,700	1.9%	60	\$79,290	6.0%	30
DuPage County	IL	\$4,692	28	\$318,900	1.5%	171	\$84,382	5.6%	39
Gloucester County	NJ	\$4,679	29	\$226,900	2.1%	36	\$75,071	6.2%	24
Kane County	isasinganingas sangk IL	\$4,617	30	\$244,400	1.9%	59	\$75,067	6.2%	<u>2</u> 5
Hillsborough County	NH	\$4,481	31	\$279,500	1.6%	124	\$81,747	5.5%	41
Loudoun County	VA	\$4,467	32	\$558,800	0.8%	448	\$108,385	4.1%	132
Fairfax County	VA	\$4,403	33	\$575,900	0.8%	464	\$115,580	3.8%	169
Will County	IL	\$4,402	34	\$241,300	1.8%	75	\$79,254	5.6%	40
Collin County	TX	\$4,345	35	\$191,000	2.3%	21	\$93,281	4.7%	82
Arlington County	VA	\$4,302	36	\$589,300	0.7%	486	\$111,109	3.9%	160
Merrimack County	NH	\$4,236	37	\$236,700	1.8%	84	\$69,890	6.1%	28
Dutchess County	NY	\$4,217	38	\$334,200	1.3%	232	\$80,954	5.2%	46
Santa Clara County	-CA	\$4,141	39	\$743,000	0.6%	621	\$102,579	4.0%	Market Holes
Fort Bend County	TX	\$4,092	40	\$161,600	2.5%	5	\$86,176	4.0% 4.7%	137
Middlesex County	MA	\$4,035	41	\$446,000	2.5% 0.9%	378			73
Alexandria city	VA	\$3,987	42	\$539,200	Problem Control Contro	William Company Committee	\$91,186	4,4%	100
New Haven County	CT	\$3,984	43	\$265,800	0.7% 1.5%	480 160	\$106,854	3.7%	184
		ψυ,συτ	T	Ψ200,000	1.5%	160	\$73,784	5.4%	42



September 12, 2007

### New Census Data Shows Where Property Taxes Hit Homeowners Hardest

by Gerald Prante

#### Fiscal Fact No. 103

The Census Bureau has released new housing numbers courtesy of the 2006 American Community Survey (ACS), which includes real estate taxes paid on owner-occupied housing units. Data is included for many geographical units, including states and high-population counties. 1, 2

The Tax Foundation has long published historical data on property tax collections compiled by the <u>Census Bureau's Government Finances division</u>. However, such data includes not only taxes paid by individual homeowners, but also property taxes paid by businesses, as well as some special types of property pertaining to minerals or fuels found mostly in a handful of states, such as Texas, Wyoming and Alaska. When people want to know where property taxes are the highest, though, they typically wonder about property taxes levied specifically on homeowners. This is where the ACS data is useful.

The ACS relies on survey data collected from households, just as the Census collects most of its information. The survey data collected in the ACS, as well as in other Census household surveys such as the Current Population Survey (CPS), is used in many government functions, such as decisions on how to distribute spending geographically and the calculation of the official poverty estimates and labor market statistics, among others. In fact, the real estate taxes data featured here is actually used by some government agencies, including the Department of Agriculture, in determining spending.

Furthermore, survey data drawn from households by the Bureau of Labor Statistics is used to determine cost-of-living adjustments to the billions of dollars that are spent each year in Social Security, as well as military pay. Therefore, arguments that this ACS data is unreliable because it is based on inaccurate household survey data would be an argument against almost the entire federal government's appropriation methodology, especially the \$300 billion that is appropriated annually using ACS data. In other words, the data is solid.

For a chart of real estate taxes paid on owner-occupied housing for each of the 783 high-population counties (65,000 or greater)<sup>3</sup> for 2006, see the Tax Foundation Web site: <a href="http://www.taxfoundation.org/taxdata/show/1888.html">http://www.taxfoundation.org/taxdata/show/1888.html</a>. The rankings have changed little from last year's, where the Northeast, specifically New York and New Jersey, dominated the highest-taxed areas by almost any measure. The complete table provides rankings of median real estates taxes paid by dollar amount, as well as rankings by median real estate taxes as a percentage of the median home value and as a percentage of the median income for household-owning units.

Below is a list of the top 10 counties ranked by two different measures: by actual dollar value and as a percentage of home value.

#### Table 1

Top 10 Counties in Median Real Estate Taxes Paid, 2006

County	State	Median Real Estate Taxes Paid
Hunterdon County	NJ	\$7,999
Nassau County	NY	\$7,706
Westchester County	NY	\$7,626
Somerset County	NJ	\$7,318
Bergen County	NJ	\$7,237
Essex County	NJ	\$7,148
Rockland County	NY	\$7,041
Morris County	NJ	\$6,852
Union County	NJ	\$6,703
Passaic County	NJ	\$6,663

Source: 2006 American Community Survey

Table 2
Top 10 Counties in Median Real Estate Taxes Divided by Median Home Value, 2006

County	State	Median Real Estate Taxes as a Percentage of Median Home Value
Wayne County	NY	2.94%
Niagara County	NY	2.91%
Monroe County	NY	2.83%
Erie County	NY	2.54%
Fort Bend County	TX	2.53%
Chautauqua County	NY	2.52%
Onondaga County	NY	2.50%
Cayuga County	NY	2.42%
Chemung County	NY	2.41%
Schenectady County	NY	2.39%

Source: 2006 American Community Survey, Tax Foundation calculations

We have also created a similar table showing this data for every state, which can be found at <a href="http://www.taxfoundation.org/taxdata/show/1913.html">http://www.taxfoundation.org/taxdata/show/1913.html</a>. Below is a list of the top 10 and bottom 10 states in median real estate taxes paid in 2006. The story for the states is much the same as for the top counties: the Northeast area of the country has the highest property taxes, along with pockets elsewhere, such as Wisconsin, Texas (where property tax reform has since been passed), and Illinois.

Table 3: Top 10 and Bottom 10 States in Median Real Estate Taxes Paid, 2006

Rank	State	Median Real Estate Taxes Paid
1	New Jersey	\$5,773

2	New Hampshire	\$4,136
3	Connecticut	\$4,049
4	New York	\$3,301
5	Massachusetts	\$3,195
6	Rhode Island	\$3,186
7	Illinois	\$3,061
8	Vermont	\$3,036
9	Wisconsin	\$2,845
10	California	\$2,510
42	Wyoming	\$792
43	Kentucky	\$749
44	New Mexico	\$747
45	South Carolina	\$703
46	Oklahoma	\$677
47	Arkansas	\$469
48	Mississippi	\$437
49	West Virginia	\$422
50	Alabama	\$328
51	Louisiana	\$179

Source: 2006 American Community Survey

Table 4
Top 10 and Bottom 10 States in Median Real Estate Taxes Divided by Median Home Value

Rank	State	Median Real Estate Taxes as a Percentage of Median Home Value
1	Texas	1.86%
2	Wisconsin	1.74%
3	Nebraska	1.70%
4	New Hampshire	1.63%
5	New Jersey	1.57%
6	Vermont	1.57%
7	Illinois	1.53%
8	North Dakota	1.44%
9	Pennsylvania	1.42%
10	Connecticut	1.35%
42	Arkansas	0.50%
43	Mississippi	0.49%
44	Nevada	0.48%
45	West Virginia	0.47%
46	California	0.47%
47	Delaware	0.38%
48	District of Columbia	0.37%
49	Alabama	0.31%

50		0.23%
51	Louisiana	0.16%

Source: 2006 American Community Survey, Tax Foundation calculations

#### Conclusion

The Northeast, mainly New Jersey and New York, remains the area with the highest property taxes on homeowners. These states also have high per capita income, and the highest property tax bills, in terms of dollar amounts, are usually found in the areas with the highest incomes. As for the percentage-of-home-value measure, counties in New Jersey and New York still dominate as they tend to impose the highest property tax rates on homeowners as well.

#### Notes

1. Official definition of real estate taxes paid: The data on real estate taxes was obtained from Housing Question 20 in the 2006 American Community Survey. The question was asked at owner-occupied units. The statistics from this question refer to the total amount of all real estate taxes on the entire property (land and buildings) payable to all taxing jurisdictions, including special assessments, school taxes, county taxes, and so forth.

Real estate taxes include state, local, and all other real estate taxes even if delinquent, unpaid, or paid by someone who is not a member of the household. However, taxes due from prior years are not included. If taxes are paid on other than a yearly basis, the payments are converted to a yearly basis.

The payment for real estate taxes is added to payments for fire, hazard, and flood insurance; utilities and fuels; and mortgages (both first and second mortgages, home equity loans, and other junior mortgages) to derive "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income." A separate question (Question 22c in the 2006 American Community Survey) determines whether real estate taxes are included in the mortgage payment to the lender(s). This makes it possible to avoid counting taxes twice in the computations.

2. Official definition of owner-occupied housing units: A housing unit is owner-occupied if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. The owner or co-owner must live in the unit and usually is Person 1 on the questionnaire. The unit is "Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan" if it is being purchased with a mortgage or some other debt arrangement such as a deed of trust, trust deed, contract to purchase, land contract, or purchase agreement. The unit also is considered owned with a mortgage if it is built on leased land and there is a mortgage on the unit. Mobile homes occupied by owners with installment loan balances also are included in this category.

A housing unit is "Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage)" if there is no mortgage or other similar debt on the house, apartment, or mobile home including units built on leased land if the unit is owned outright without a mortgage.

For complete description of all ACS variables: http://www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/2006/usedata/Subject Definitions.pdf.

3. The high-population counties make up about 25 percent of the nation's counties but over 80 percent of the population.

#### Attached Files

Fiscal Fact No. 103, PDF, 32.4 KB
 by Gerald Prante